Parent's Guide To Signs Of A Pot Smoking Teenager

Pot use can difficult to detect. But, since virtually all poly-drug use (the use of several drugs at the same time) starts with pot use, parents should be aware of the following signs of the marijuana using youngster. Note however, experts point out kids may have only some symptoms, and some pot-using kids have none.

1. The most obvious sign is finding a pot pipe, marijuana rolling papers, a cellophane "baggie" of marijuana and/or drug paraphernalia (bongs, etc.) for using or hiding pot. Do not be reassured by your kid's insistence that "Johnny must have left it here." (Unfortunately, a classic symptom of the drug-abusing youngster is lying.)

2. Red eyes. Many youngsters take care of this with eye drops, which, in themselves, are a suspicious sign.

3. A distorted time sense. If you suspect your child is stoned, ask him to click his fingers when a minute is up. They are likely to do this after 10 or 20 seconds. (Stoned drivers often think they are driving slowly and carefully, when they may be speeding.)

4. A drop in school performance. Not necessarily from A's to D's, but from A's and B's to C's, for example.

5. Caring less about everything: school, sports, other extracurricular activities, and hobbies they use to enjoy.

6. A change from active, normally competitive interests to passive and withdrawal.

7. General loss of appetite, yet craving for sweets ("the munchies").

8. Estrangement from the family, inexplicable mood changes, irritability, hostility and strongly inappropriate overreaction to mild criticism.

9. Impairment of short-term memory, judgment, capacity to reason and to think clearly.

10. A chronic cough, chest pains, depression, feelings of loneliness.


12. Strange phone calls, secretiveness, vagueness about social activities. Friends who refuse to identify themselves or hang up when you answer the phone.

13. Less attention paid to care of body, hair, and clothes.

14. Disappearance of money or items of value from the home.

15. Impaired ability to fight off common infections . . . decreased immune system.